1 I. **SUMMARY** 2 Plaintiff has filed suit against Matthew Storman, Service Provider (SP) of 3 websites ndsuniverse.com and romuniverse.com for Copyright Infringement, Trademark Infringement and Unfair Competition. Plaintiff's claims are solely 4 5 based on digital material on these websites. 17 U.S. Code § 512 provides SP with liability protection and limits relief for the Plaintiff to only injunctive relief. The 6 7 plaintiff has previously recognized Defendant's right to infringement liability protections under DMCA (codified 17 U.S. Code § 512). Furthermore, the copies 8 9 and trademarks on the websites were previously sold by the Plaintiff and under the 10 First Sale Doctrine, the plaintiff has no rights to these copies or 11 trademarks. Competition cannot be unfair since the copies have already been sold 12 by the Plaintiff to owners and under the First Sale Doctrine the owners may 13 dispose of the copies as they see fit. The Defendant is not selling the copies or 14 trademarks. 15 The defendant prays the court to Dismiss the suit based on legal, procedural, and 16 common law considerations or Sua Sponte. 17 18 FACTS/DEFENSES IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO DISMISS. Plaintiff has been in communication with Service Provider (SP¹) 19 admin@romuniverse.com¹¹ of the websites ndsuniverse.com, and 20 21 romuniverse.com for years. 22 23 III. DEFENDANT LIABILITY PROTECTION The Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA²) codified as 17 U.S. Code § 512 24 25 protects SPs from liability when potentially infringing material is on websites. 26 DMCA is also known as Ocilla, Safe Harbor, etc. 27 Essential to protection are²: 28

1 V. PLAINTIFF FAILURES 2 Plaintiff's complaint obfuscates and makes no mention of the DMCA, 3 Plaintiff's complaints offer no claim or proof of ownership of the copies on the 4 websites. Plaintiff offers no complete and full description of Copyright Registrations content 5 6 necessary for bringing complaint⁷ 7 Plaintiff offers no accurate and complete description of copy contents for defense. 8 Plaintiff may have violated Copyright Law by not fully and completely describing 9 the contents of Copyright and copies. 10 Copy right law is inadequate as a means of protecting digital matter, as it does not depict the contents of the digital material to the human senses. 11 12 Plaintiff fails to disclose where the original copyrights are registered. It is unclear 13 where the copyrights originated or are based in Japan, or Germany or USA. 14 15 16 VI. BASIS OF MOTION TO DISMISS 17 F.R.C.P 12 18 (1) lack of subject-matter jurisdiction; The court does not have jurisdiction over 19 this matter because of liability immunity and proof ownership of copies has not 20 been claimed. Plaintiff is a Japanese or German Company. 21 (2) lack of personal jurisdiction; Defendant is not an individual (Matthew Storman) but rather an SP (admin@romuniverse.com) who is not part of the 22 23 required forum. The court does not have personal jurisdiction because SP is protected under DMCA, and potential involvement of international actors. The 24 25 Plaintiff is a German company. Plaintiff may have violated Defendant's privacy 26 rights or by using unlawful means. 27 28

not challenged by the Plaintiff are permitted on the website until challenged by the Plaintiff.

The Plaintiff receives unpaid advertising on the websites in return.

Due Process – basic fairness. It is unfair for Plaintiff to not adhere to DMCA protections for defendant.

VIII. ARGUMENT

- 1. DMCA is an integral part of Copyright Law and covers digital material on websites and therefore must be adhered to in any copyright complaint the Plaintiff has not. The First Sale Doctrine permits non-copyright or trademark owner to dispose of their copies as they see fit. The Plaintiff does not own copies on websites.
- 2. Since DMCA protects SP from any liability, and only limits Plaintiff to only injunctive relief, the Plaintiff complaints are without basis and potentially an abuse of process.
- 3. Plaintiff's Complaints are a direct violation of DMCA, in that each of the complaints are based on liability protected material in the ndsuniverse.com and romuniverse.com websites.
- 4. Furthermore, the Plaintiff has not offered any proof, that the copies in the websites are the property of the Plaintiff. There are no serial numbers, dates, origin, etc. and who owns the copy. The plaintiff sells, donates, gives away, copies of the copy righted material to copy owners. A non-Plaintiff copy owner has the right to sell, destroy, or give away copies. The owner may own several copies, or

collections. Furthermore, use of a copy is permissible for education, research, reverse engineering, and other purposes.

- 5. Plaintiff has not properly requested, as required under DMCA, that copies in complaint be removed from websites. The Plaintiff has not met the requirements of DMCA; therefore, complaints are baseless or premature at best.
- 6. Cease and Desist. The plaintiff did not send Cease and Desist notices to Defendant; therefore, the defendant did not know of infringement prior to complaints.
- 7. Since, the Plaintiff is not the owner of the copies, the plaintiff is a third party to the action and has no standing to bring the action¹⁰.
- 8. Since, Plaintiff previous contacts were from Germany, and the copies do not belong to Plaintiff, there are issues of ownership, insufficient process, insufficient service, subject matter jurisdiction, personal jurisdiction, not joining essential copy owners, and plaintiff's unfounded complaints makes it impossible for defendant to defend.

CONCLUSION For the reasons stated above, the Defendants Motion should be granted DATED: 10/21/2019 Matthew Storman 160 E. Ruddock St Covina, CA 91724 In Pro Se

REFERENCES

1. The term "Service Provider" (SP) includes Online Service Provider (OSP) and Internet Service Provider (ISP).

2. The Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA) Title II, the Online Copyright Infringement Liability Limitation Act ("OCILLA"), creates a safe harbor for online service providers (OSPs, including ISPs) against copyright infringement liability, provided they meet specific requirements. [4] OSPs must adhere to and qualify for certain prescribed safe harbor guidelines and promptly block access to alleged infringing material (or remove such material from their systems) when they receive notification of an infringement claim from a copyright holder or the copyright holder's agent. OCILLA also includes a counternotification provision that offers OSPs a safe harbor from liability to their users when users claim that the material in question is not, in fact, infringing. OCILLA also facilitates issuing of subpoenas against OSPs to provide their users' identity. Codified in 17 U.S. Code § 512. Limitations on liability relating to material online (a)Transitory Digital Network Communications.—A service provider shall not

be liable for monetary relief, or, except as provided in subsection (j), for injunctive or other equitable relief, for infringement of copyright by reason of the provider's transmitting, routing, or providing connections for, material through a system or network controlled or operated by or for the service provider, or by reason of the intermediate and transient storage of that material in the course of such transmitting, routing, or providing connections, if—

- (1) the transmission of the material was initiated by or at the direction of a person other than the service provider;
- (2) the transmission, routing, provision of connections, or storage is carried out through an automatic technical process without selection of the material by the service provider;

- (3) the service provider does not select the recipients of the material except as an automatic response to the request of another person;
- (4) no copy of the material made by the service provider in the course of such intermediate or transient storage is maintained on the system or network in a manner ordinarily accessible to anyone other than anticipated recipients, and no such copy is maintained on the system or network in a manner ordinarily accessible to such anticipated recipients for a longer period than is reasonably necessary for the transmission, routing, or provision of connections; and (5) the material is transmitted through the system or network without modification of its content.
- 3. 17 U.S. Code §101 §122, Limitations on exclusive rights including § 1201 Permissible uses
- 4. Cullins, Ashley Music Industry A-Listers Call on Congress to Reform Copyright Act *Hollywood Reporter*. April 5, 2016
- **5.** 17 U.S. Code § 109. Limitations on exclusive rights: Effect of transfer of particular copy or phonorecord
- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 106(3), the owner of a particular copy or phonorecord lawfully made under this title, or any person authorized by such owner, is entitled, without the authority of the copyright owner, to sell or otherwise dispose of the possession of that copy or phonorecord.
- 6. US S.C Reed Elsevier v. Muchnick, Slip. Op., 559 U.S. ___ (March 2, 2010)

- 7. Section 411(a) of the Copyright Act (at 17 U.S.C. 411(a)) provides, among other things, that "no civil action for infringement of the copyright in any United States work shall be instituted until . . . registration of the copyright claim has been made in accordance with this title." ⁶
- 8. Polymer Technology Corporation, Plaintiff-appellant, v. Emile Mimran, -975 F.2d 58 (2d Cir. 1992)

As a general rule, trademark law⁸ does not reach the sale of genuine goods bearing a true mark even though the sale is not authorized by the mark owner. NEC Electronics v. Cal Circuit Abco, 810 F.2d 1506, 1509 (9th Cir.), cert. denied, 484 U.S. 851, 108 S. Ct. 152, 98 L. Ed. 2d 108 (1987). Thus, a distributor who resells trademarked goods without change is not liable for trademark infringement. See 2 J. Thomas McCarthy, Trademarks and Unfair Competition, § 25:11 (2d ed. 1984) (citing Prestonettes, Inc. v. Coty, 264 U.S. 359, 44 S. Ct. 350, 68 L. Ed. 731 (1924) and Champion Spark Plug Co. v. Sanders, 331 U.S. 125, 67 S. Ct. 1136, 91 L. Ed. 1386 (1947)). In addition, even repackaging of goods is not trademark infringement if it does not deceive the public or damage the mark owner's goodwill. See Prestonettes, 264 U.S. at 368, 44 S. Ct. at 351 (sale of repackaged cosmetics permitted provided statement disclosing origin is enclosed); Champion, 331 U.S. at 130, 67 S. Ct. at 1139 (sale of reconditioned spark plugs under original name permitted provided full disclosure made).

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knowledge or is aware of facts or circumstances from which infringing activity is apparent.

- (ii) In a case in which the notification that is provided to the service provider's designated agent fails to comply substantially with all the provisions of subparagraph (A) but substantially complies with clauses (ii), (iii), and (iv) of subparagraph (A), clause (i) of this subparagraph applies only if the service provider promptly attempts to contact the person making the notification or takes other reasonable steps to assist in the receipt of notification that substantially complies with all the provisions of subparagraph (A).
- 10. Warth v. Seldin, 422 U.S. 490 (1975), was a United States Supreme Court case in which the Court reviewed the concept of judicial standing and affirmed that if the plaintiffs lacked standing, they could not maintain a case against the defendants. The Court found that as none of the plaintiffs could demonstrate any injury actually done to them by the defendants, the plaintiffs were third parties to the issue and had no standing to sue

Example email from German Plaintiff - take down notice. 11.

Take-down notice due to copyright infringement: Super Mario Odyssey (Switch)

- Friday, November 09, 2018 06:35 PST
- DMCA-notice@bertelsmann.de
- To admin@romuniverse.com abuse@enom.com support@gumroad.com
- Dear Sir or Madam,
- we have detected unauthorised copies of the video game "Super Mario Odyssey
- (Switch)" (the "Nintendo Game") hosted on your servers. The urls
 - concerned are listed below.

1	The copyright and other intellectual property rights in the Nintendo Game are
2	owned and/or controlled by Nintendo Co., Ltd. ("Nintendo") for the
3	world and any unauthorised use, including but not limited to any unauthorised
4	copying or communication to the public of the Nintendo Game is
5	therefore an infringement of copyright and/or other intellectual property rights.
6	I declare under penalty of perjury that this notice is true and correct, that I am
7	authorized to act on behalf of the intellectual property rights owner
8	Nintendo and that I have good faith and reasonable belief that neither Nintendo
9	nor any licensee of Nintendo has authorised you or any other third
10	party to copy or communicate the Nintendo Game to the public in the manner
11	described in this notice. I therefore have good faith belief that use of
12	the material in the manner complained of is not authorized by the copyright
13	owner, its agent, or the law.
14	Therefore I request you to take immediate action to remove or disable access to
15	unauthorised copies of the Nintendo Game listed at the URLs below
16	and in order to prevent further legal actions against your company.
17	linked from romuniverse.com:
18	linked from https://www.romuniverse.com/download/84925/super-mario-odyssey-
19	all-en-fr-de-es-it-nl-ru-ja-bigbluebox
20	1.
21	https://regular.romuniverse.com/roms/nintendoswitch/Super%20Mario%20Odysse
22	y%20(All)%20(En,%20Fr,%20De,%20Es,%20It,%20Nl,%20Ru,%20J
23	linked from https://www.romuniverse.com/download/85235/super-mario-odyssey-
24	v001-jpn-en-ja-fr-ge-es-it-nl-ru-jrp
25	1.
26	https://regular.romuniverse.com/roms/nintendoswitch/Super%20Mario%20Odysse
27	y%20v001%20(JPN)%20(En,%20Ja,%20Fr,%20Ge,%20Es,%20It,%2
28	

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1	Diese E-Mail und eventuelle Anlagen können vertrauliche und/oder rechtlich
2	geschützte Informationen enthalten. Wenn Sie nicht der richtige
3	Adressat sind oder diese E-Mail irrtümlich erhalten haben, informieren Sie bitte
4	sofort den Absender und vernichten Sie diese E-Mail. Das
5	unerlaubte Kopieren sowie die unbefugte Weitergabe dieser E-Mail sind nicht
6	gestattet.
7	
8	
9	Registered Office Gütersloh District Court Gütersloh Commercial Registry 2034
10	Managing Director Sven Deutschmann, Jörg Dickenhorst
11	
12	
13	This e-mail and any attachments may contain confidential and/or privileged
14	information. If you are not the intended recipient (or have received this
15	e-mail in error) please notify the sender immediately and destroy this e-mail. Any
16	unauthorized copying, disclosure or distribution of the material in
17	this e-mail is forbidden.
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20	Bitte denken Sie über Ihre Verantwortung gegenüber der Umwelt nach, bevor Sie
21	diese E-Mail ausdrucken.
22	Please consider the environment before printing this mail.
23	thorsten.johanntoberens@bertelsmann.de
24	phone: +49 (0) 52 41 - 80-42457
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